Peeling-off of sedimentary formation due to the Tenmei mudflows

When the Ishikawara site was excavated and investigated, the cross-section of the ground dug down was sedimented with resin. You can see the ridges and ditches of the field at the time of the Tenmei 3 (1783) and the pumice piled up by the eruption in the latter half of July at the bottom. The Tenmei mudflow, which is a mixture of large and small gravel (stones) and earth and sand, was deposited to a thickness of about 3 meters in this area, filling houses and fields.